

小鼠抗 NAPSA 单克隆抗体

- 中文名称： 小鼠抗 NAPSA 单克隆抗体
- 英文名称： Anti-NAPSA mouse monoclonal antibody
- 别名： KAP; Kdap; NAP1; NAPA; SNAPA
- 相关类别： 一抗
- 储存： 冷冻（-20℃） 避光
- 宿主： Mouse
- 抗原： NAPSA
- 反应种属： Human
- 标记物： Unconjugate
- 克隆类型： mouse monoclonal

技术规格

Background:	The activation peptides of aspartic proteinases plays role as inhibitors of the active site. These peptide segments, or pro-parts, are deemed important for correct folding, targeting, and control of the activation of aspartic proteinase zymogens. The pronapsin A gene is expressed predominantly in lung and kidney. Its translation product is predicted to be a fully functional, glycosylated aspartic proteinase precursor containing an RGD motif and an additional 18 residues at its C-terminus. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].
Applications:	IHC, IF
Name of antibody:	NAPSA

Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human NAPSA
Full name:	napsin A aspartic peptidase (NAPSA)
Synonyms:	KAP; Kdap; NAP1; NAPA; SNAPA
SwissProt:	O96009
IHC positive control:	adenocarcinoma of human ovary tissue and carcinoma of human prostate tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	30-150
IF Positive control:	TT cells
IF Recommended dilution:	50-100